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On the sum of the cubes of generalized balancing numbers: The sum formula $\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{mk+j}^3$

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Abstract: In this paper, closed forms of the sum formulas $\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{mk+j}^3$ for generalized balancing numbers are presented. As special cases, we give sum formulas of balancing, modified Lucas-balancing and Lucas-balancing numbers.

Keywords: Balancing numbers; Modified Lucas-balancing numbers; Lucas-balancing numbers; Sum formulas.

MSC: 11B37; 11B39; 11B83.

1. Introduction

Behera and Panda [1] defined balancing numbers n as solutions of the diophantine equation

$$1 + 2 + \cdots + (n - 1) = (n + 1) + (n + 2) + \cdots + (n + r),$$

for some natural number r , called the balancer corresponding to n . The n th balancing number is denoted by B_n . Moreover, $C_n = \sqrt{8B_n^2 + 1}$ is called the n th Lucas-balancing number (see [2]). In fact, B_n and C_n satisfy the second order linear recurrence relations

$$B_n = 6B_{n-1} - B_{n-2}, \quad B_0 = 0, B_1 = 1,$$

and

$$C_n = 6C_{n-1} - C_{n-2}, \quad C_0 = 1, C_1 = 3$$

respectively. $(B_n)_{n \geq 0}$ is the sequence A001109 in the OEIS [3], whereas $(B_n)_{n \geq 0}$ is the id-number A001541 in OEIS. Balancing and Lucas-balancing sequences has been studied by many authors and more detail can be found in the extensive literature dedicated to these sequences, see for example, [1,2,4–27].

A generalized balancing sequence $\{W_n\}_{n \geq 0} = \{W_n(W_0, W_1)\}_{n \geq 0}$ is defined by the second-order recurrence relation

$$W_n = 6W_{n-1} - W_{n-2}, \tag{1}$$

with the initial values $W_0 = c_0, W_1 = c_1$ not all being zero.

The sequence $\{W_n\}_{n \geq 0}$ can be extended to negative subscripts by defining

$$W_{-n} = 6W_{-(n-1)} - W_{-(n-2)},$$

for $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$. Therefore, recurrence (1) holds for all integer n .

The Binet formula of generalized balancing numbers can be written as

$$W_n = \frac{W_1 - \beta W_0}{\alpha - \beta} \alpha^n - \frac{W_1 - \alpha W_0}{\alpha - \beta} \beta^n,$$

where α and β are the roots of the quadratic equation $x^2 - 6x + 1 = 0$. Moreover

$$\begin{aligned}\alpha &= 3 + 2\sqrt{2}, \\ \beta &= 3 - 2\sqrt{2}.\end{aligned}$$

Note that

$$\begin{aligned}\alpha + \beta &= 6, \\ \alpha\beta &= 1, \\ \alpha - \beta &= 4\sqrt{2}.\end{aligned}$$

Now we define three special cases of the sequence $\{W_n\}$. Balancing sequence $\{B_n\}_{n \geq 0}$, modified Lucas-balancing sequence $\{H_n\}_{n \geq 0}$ and Lucas-balancing sequence $\{C_n\}_{n \geq 0}$ are defined, respectively, by the second-order recurrence relations,

$$B_n = 6B_{n-1} - B_{n-2}, \quad B_0 = 0, B_1 = 1, \quad (2)$$

$$H_n = 6H_{n-1} - H_{n-2}, \quad H_0 = 2, H_1 = 6, \quad (3)$$

$$C_n = 6C_{n-1} - C_{n-2}, \quad C_0 = 1, C_1 = 3. \quad (4)$$

The sequences $\{B_n\}_{n \geq 0}$, $\{H_n\}_{n \geq 0}$ and $\{C_n\}_{n \geq 0}$ can be extended to negative subscripts by defining,

$$\begin{aligned}B_{-n} &= 6B_{-(n-1)} - B_{-(n-2)}, \\ H_{-n} &= 6H_{-(n-1)} - H_{-(n-2)}, \\ C_{-n} &= 6C_{-(n-1)} - C_{-(n-2)},\end{aligned}$$

for $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$ respectively. Therefore, recurrences (2)-(4) hold for all integer n . For more information on generalized balancing numbers, see Soykan [28].

2. The sum formula $\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{mk+j}^3$

The following theorem presents sum formulas of generalized balancing numbers;

Theorem 1. Let x be a real (or complex) number. For all integers m and j , for generalized balancing numbers (the case $r = 6, s = -1$), we have the following sum formulas:

(a) If $(x^2 - xH_{3m} + 1)(x^2 - xH_m + 1) \neq 0$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{mk+j}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{32(x^2 - xH_{3m} + 1)(x^2 - xH_m + 1)}, \quad (5)$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}\Psi_1 &= 32x^{n+1}(x^2 - xH_m + 1)W_{mn-m+j}^3 + 32x^{n+1}(x - H_{3m})(x^2 - xH_m + 1)W_{mn+j}^3 - 32x(x^2 - xH_m + 1)W_{j-m}^3 + 32(x^2 - xH_m + 1)W_j^3 + 3x^n x(x^2 - xH_{3m} + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{mn+m+j} + 3x^n x(x^2 - xH_m + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{mn-m+j} - 3x^n x(x^2 H_m - (xH_m - 1)H_{3m})(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{mn+j} - 3x(x^2 - xH_{3m} + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{m+j} - 3x(x^2 - xH_m + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{j-m} + 3x(x^2 H_m - H_{3m}(xH_m - 1))(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_j.\end{aligned}$$

(b) If $(x^2 - xH_{3m} + 1)(x^2 - xH_m + 1) = u(x - a)(x - b)(x - c)(x - d) = 0$ for some $u, a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{C}$ with $u \neq 0$ and $a \neq b \neq c \neq d$, i.e., $x = a$ or $x = b$ or $x = c$ or $x = d$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{mk+j}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{\Lambda_1},$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}\Psi_2 &= 32x^n(x^2(n+3) - x(n+2)H_m + n+1)W_{mn-m+j}^3 + 32((n+4)x^3 - (H_m + H_{3m})(n+3)x^2 + (H_m H_{3m} + 1)(n+2)x - (n+1)H_{3m})x^n W_{mn+j}^3 + 32(-3x^2 + 2xH_m - 1)W_{j-m}^3 + 32(2x - H_m)W_j^3 + 3((n+4)x^3 - (H_m + H_{3m})(n+3)x^2 + (H_m H_{3m} + 1)(n+2)x - (n+1)H_{3m})W_{mn+m+j}^3.\end{aligned}$$

$$3)x^2 - x(n+2)H_{3m} + n+1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)x^nW_{mn+m+j} + 3((n+3)x^2 - x(n+2)H_m + n+1)x^n(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{mn-m+j} + 3(-(n+3)x^2H_m + x(n+2)H_{3m}H_m - (n+1)H_{3m})x^n(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{mn+j} + 3(-3x^2 + 2xH_{3m} - 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{m+j} + 3(-3x^2 + 2xH_m - 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{j-m} + 3(3x^2H_m - 2xH_mH_{3m} + H_{3m})(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_j,$$

and

$$\Lambda_1 = 32(4x^3 - 3(H_m + H_{3m})x^2 + 2(2 + H_mH_{3m})x - (H_m + H_{3m})).$$

- (c) If $(x^2 - xH_{3m} + 1)(x^2 - xH_m + 1) = u(x-a)^2(x-b)(x-c) = 0$ for some $u, a, b, c \in \mathbb{C}$ with $u \neq 0$ and $a \neq b \neq c$, i.e., $x = a$ or $x = b$ or $x = c$, then if $x = b$ or $x = c$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{mk+j}^3 = \frac{\Psi_3}{\Lambda_2},$$

where

$$\Psi_3 = 32x^n(x^2(n+3) - x(n+2)H_m + n+1)W_{mn-m+j}^3 + 32((n+4)x^3 - (H_m + H_{3m})(n+3)x^2 + (H_mH_{3m} + 1)(n+2)x - (n+1)H_{3m})x^nW_{mn+j}^3 + 32(-3x^2 + 2xH_m - 1)W_{j-m}^3 + 32(2x - H_m)W_j^3 + 3((n+3)x^2 - x(n+2)H_{3m} + n+1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)x^nW_{mn+m+j} + 3((n+3)x^2 - x(n+2)H_m + n+1)x^n(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{mn-m+j} + 3(-(n+3)x^2H_m + x(n+2)H_{3m}H_m - (n+1)H_{3m})x^n(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{mn+j} + 3(-3x^2 + 2xH_{3m} - 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{m+j} + 3(-3x^2 + 2xH_m - 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{j-m} + 3(3x^2H_m - 2xH_mH_{3m} + H_{3m})(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_j,$$

and

$$\Lambda_2 = 32(4x^3 - 3(H_m + H_{3m})x^2 + 2(2 + H_mH_{3m})x - (H_m + H_{3m})), \text{ and if } x = a \text{ then}$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{mk+j}^3 = \frac{\Psi_4}{64(6x^2 - 3x(H_m + H_{3m}) + 2 + H_mH_{3m})},$$

where

$$\Psi_4 = 32((n+3)(n+2)x^2 - x(n+2)(n+1)H_m + n(n+1))x^{n-1}W_{mn-m+j}^3 + 32((n+4)(n+3)x^3 - (n+3)(n+2)(H_m + H_{3m})x^2 + x(n+2)(n+1)(H_mH_{3m} + 1) - n(n+1)H_{3m})x^{n-1}W_{mn+j}^3 + 64(H_m - 3x)W_{j-m}^3 + 64W_j^3 + 3((n+3)(n+2)x^2 - x(n+2)(n+1)H_{3m} + n(n+1))(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)x^{n-1}W_{mn+m+j} + 3x^{n-1}((n+3)(n+2)x^2 - x(n+2)(n+1)H_m + n(n+1))(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{mn-m+j} + 3x^{n-1}(-x^2(n+3)(n+2)H_m + x(n+2)(n+1)H_{3m}H_m - n(n+1)H_{3m})(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{mn+j} + 6(H_{3m} - 3x)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{m+j} + 6(H_m - 3x)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{j-m} + 6(3x - H_{3m})H_m(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_j.$$

- (d) If $(x^2 - xH_{3m} + 1)(x^2 - xH_m + 1) = u(x-a)^3(x-b) = 0$ for some $u, a, b \in \mathbb{C}$ with $u \neq 0$ and $a \neq b$, i.e., $x = a$ or $x = b$, then if $x = b$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{mk+j}^3 = \frac{\Psi_4}{\Lambda_3},$$

where

$$\Psi_5 = 32x^n(x^2(n+3) - x(n+2)H_m + n+1)W_{mn-m+j}^3 + 32((n+4)x^3 - (H_m + H_{3m})(n+3)x^2 + (H_mH_{3m} + 1)(n+2)x - (n+1)H_{3m})x^nW_{mn+j}^3 + 32(-3x^2 + 2xH_m - 1)W_{j-m}^3 + 32(2x - H_m)W_j^3 + 3((n+3)x^2 - x(n+2)H_{3m} + n+1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)x^nW_{mn+m+j} + 3((n+3)x^2 - x(n+2)H_m + n+1)x^n(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{mn-m+j} + 3(-(n+3)x^2H_m + x(n+2)H_{3m}H_m - (n+1)H_{3m})x^n(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{mn+j} + 3(-3x^2 + 2xH_{3m} - 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{m+j} + 3(-3x^2 + 2xH_m - 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{j-m} + 3(3x^2H_m - 2xH_mH_{3m} + H_{3m})(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_j,$$

and

$$\Lambda_3 = 32(4x^3 - 3(H_m + H_{3m})x^2 + 2(2 + H_mH_{3m})x - (H_m + H_{3m})),$$

and if $x = a$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{mk+j}^3 = \frac{\Psi_6}{192(4x - H_m - H_{3m})},$$

where

$$\Psi_6 = 32(n+1)((n+3)(n+2)x^2 - xn(n+2)H_m + n(n-1))x^{n-2}W_{mn-m+j}^3 + 32((n+3)(n+2)(n+4)x^3 - (n+3)(n+2)(n+1)(H_m + H_{3m})x^2 + n(n+2)(n+1)(H_mH_{3m} + 1)x - n(n-1)(n+1)H_{3m})x^{n-1}W_{mn+j}^3 + 32(-3x^2 + 2xH_{3m} - 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{m+j} + 3(-3x^2 + 2xH_m - 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{j-m} + 3(3x^2H_m - 2xH_mH_{3m} + H_{3m})(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_j,$$

$$1)H_{3m})x^{n-2}W_{mn+j}^3 - 192W_{j-m}^3 + 3(n+1)((n+3)(n+2)x^2 - xn(n+2)H_{3m} + n(n-1))(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)x^{n-2}W_{mn+m+j} + 3(n+1)((n+3)(n+2)x^2 - xn(n+2)H_m + n(n-1))(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)x^{n-2}W_{mn-m+j} + 3(n+1)(-x^2(n+3)(n+2)H_m + xn(n+2)H_{3m}H_m - n(n-1)H_{3m})(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)x^{n-2}W_{mn+j} - 18(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{m+j} - 18(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{j-m} + 18H_m(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_j.$$

(e) If $(x^2 - xH_{3m} + 1)(x^2 - xH_m + 1) = u(x - a)^4 = 0$ for some $u, a \in \mathbb{C}, u \neq 0$ i.e., $x = a$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{mk+j}^3 = \frac{\Psi_7}{768},$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \Psi_7 = & 32n(n+1)((n+3)(n+2)x^2 - x(n-1)(n+2)H_m + (n-1)(n-2))x^{n-3}W_{mn-m+j}^3 + 32(n+1) \\ & (x^3(n+4)(n+3)(n+2) - x^2n(n+3)(n+2)(H_m + H_{3m}) + xn(n-1)(n+2)(H_mH_{3m} + 1) - n(n-1)(n-2)H_{3m})x^{n-3}W_{mn+j}^3 + 3n(n+1)(x^2(n+3)(n+2) - x(n+2)(n-1)H_{3m} + (n-1)(n-2))(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)x^{n-3}W_{mn+m+j}^3 + 3n(n+1)(x^2(n+3)(n+2) - x(n+2)(n-1)H_m + (n-1)(n-2))(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)x^{n-3}W_{mn-m+j}^3 + 3n(n+1)(-x^2(n+3)(n+2)H_m + x(n+2)(n-1)H_{3m}H_m - (n-1)(n-2)H_{3m})(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)x^{n-3}W_{mn+j}. \end{aligned}$$

Proof. Take $r = 6, s = -1$ and $H_n = H_n$ in Soykan [29], Theorem 2.1]. \square

Note that (5) can be written in the following form:

$$\sum_{k=1}^n x^k W_{mk+j}^2 = \frac{\Psi_8}{32(x^2 - xH_{3m} + 1)(x^2 - xH_m + 1)},$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \Psi_8 = & 32x^{n+1}(x^2 - xH_m + 1)W_{mn-m+j}^3 + 32x^{n+1}(x - H_{3m})(x^2 - xH_m + 1)W_{mn+j}^3 - 32x(x^2 - xH_m + 1)W_{j-m}^3 + \\ & 32(H_{3m} - x)(x^2 - xH_m + 1)xW_j^3 + 3x^n x(x^2 - xH_{3m} + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{mn+m+j} + 3x^n x(x^2 - xH_m + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{mn-m+j} - 3x^n x(x^2H_m - (xH_m - 1)H_{3m})(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{mn+j} - 3x(x^2 - xH_{3m} + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{m+j} - 3x(x^2 - xH_m + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{j-m} + 3x(x^2H_m - H_{3m}(xH_m - 1))(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_j. \end{aligned}$$

As special cases of m and j in the last Theorem, we obtain the following proposition;

Proposition 1. For generalized balancing numbers (the case $r = 6, s = -1$), we have the following sum formulas for $n \geq 0$:

(a) ($m = 1, j = 0$)

If $(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 99 + 70\sqrt{2}, x \neq 99 - 70\sqrt{2}, x \neq 3 + 2\sqrt{2}, x \neq 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_k^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{32(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1)},$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \Psi_1 = & 32x^{n+1}(x - 198)(x^2 - 6x + 1)W_n^3 + 32x^{n+1}(x^2 - 6x + 1)W_{n-1}^3 + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 198x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{n+1} - 18x^{n+1}(x^2 - 198x + 33)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_n + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 6x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{n-1} - 32(-x(x^2 + 12x + 1)W_1^3 + (216x^3 - 1189x^2 + 204x - 1)W_0^3 + 18x^2(x + 6)W_1^2W_0 - 18x^2(6x + 1)W_0^2W_1), \end{aligned}$$

and

if $(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 99 + 70\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 99 - 70\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_k^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{128(x^3 - 153x^2 + 595x - 51)},$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \Psi_2 = & 32x^n(n(x - 198)(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 4x^3 - 612x^2 + 2378x - 198)W_n^3 + 32x^n(n(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 3x^2 - 12x + 1)W_{n-1}^3 + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 198x + 1) + 3x^2 - 396x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{n+1} - 18x^n(n(x^2 - 198x + 1) + 3x^2 - 396x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_n. \end{aligned}$$

$$33) + 3x^2 - 396x + 33)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_n + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 3x^2 - 12x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{n-1} + 32((3x^2 + 24x + 1)W_1^3 - 2(324x^2 - 1189x + 102)W_0^3 - 54x(x + 4)W_1^2W_0 + 36x(9x + 1)W_0^2W_1).$$

(b) ($m = 2, j = 0$)

If $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{2k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{32(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = 32x^{n+1}(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1)W_{2n}^3 + 32x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)W_{2n-2}^3 + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{2n+2} - 102x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1153)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{2n} + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{2n-2} + 32(216x(x^2 + 68x + 1)W_1^3 - (42875x^3 - 1329231x^2 + 39237x - 1)W_0^3 - 108x(35x^2 + 1224x + 1)W_1^2W_0 + 18x(1225x^2 + 2414x + 1)W_0^2W_1),$$

and

if $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{2k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{128(x^3 - 29427x^2 + 666435x - 9809)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = 32x^n(n(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 2(2x^3 - 58854x^2 + 1332869x - 19601))W_{2n}^3 + 32x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)W_{2n-2}^3 + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{2n+2} - 102x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1153) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1153)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{2n} + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{2n-2} + 96(72(3x^2 + 136x + 1)W_1^3 - (42875x^2 - 886154x + 13079)W_0^3 - 36(105x^2 + 2448x + 1)W_1^2W_0 + 6(3675x^2 + 4828x + 1)W_0^2W_1).$$

(c) ($m = 2, j = 1$)

If $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{2k+1}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{32(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = 32x^{n+1}(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1)W_{2n+1}^3 + 32x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)W_{2n-1}^3 + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{2n+3} - 102x^{n+1}((x^2 - 39202x + 1153))(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{2n+1} + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{2n-1} + 32((x + 1)(x^2 + 3638x + 1)W_1^3 - 216x(x^2 + 68x + 1)W_0^3 - 18x(x^2 + 2414x + 1225)W_0W_1^2 + 108x(x^2 + 1224x + 35)W_0^2W_1),$$

and

if $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{2k+1}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{128(x^3 - 29427x^2 + 666435x - 9809)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = 32x^n(n(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 2(2x^3 - 58854x^2 + 1332869x - 19601))W_{2n+1}^3 + 32x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)W_{2n-1}^3 + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{2n+3} - 102x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1153) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1153)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{2n+1} + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{2n-1} + 96((x^2 + 2426x + 1213)W_1^3 - 72(3x^2 + 136x + 1)W_0^3 - 6(3x^2 + 4828x + 1225)W_1^2W_0 + 36(3x^2 + 2448x + 35)W_0^2W_1).$$

(d) ($m = -1, j = 0$)

If $(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 99 + 70\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 99 - 70\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{-k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{32(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = 32x^{n+1}(x^2 - 6x + 1)W_{-n+1}^3 + 32x^{n+1}(x - 198)(x^2 - 6x + 1)W_{-n}^3 + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 6x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{-n+1} - 18x^{n+1}(x^2 - 198x + 33)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{-n} + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 198x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{-n-1} + 32(-x(x^2 + 12x + 1)W_1^3 + (x^2 + 12x + 1)W_0^3 + 18x(6x + 1)W_1^2W_0 - 18x(x + 6)W_0^2W_1),$$

and

if $(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 99 + 70\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 99 - 70\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{-k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{128(x^3 - 153x^2 + 595x - 51)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = 32x^n(n(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 3x^2 - 12x + 1)W_{-n+1}^3 + 32x^n(n(x - 198)(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 2(2x^3 - 306x^2 + 1189x - 99))W_{-n}^3 + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 3x^2 - 12x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{-n+1} - 18x^n(n(x^2 - 198x + 33) + 3x^2 - 396x + 33)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{-n} + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 198x + 1) + 3x^2 - 396x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{-n-1} + 32(-(3x^2 + 24x + 1)W_1^3 + 2(x + 6)W_0^3 + 18(12x + 1)W_1^2W_0 - 36(x + 3)W_0^2W_1).$$

(e) ($m = -2, j = 0$)

If $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{-2k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{32(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = 32x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)W_{-2n+2}^3 + 32x^{n+1}(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1)W_{-2n}^3 + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{-2n+2} - 102x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1153)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{-2n} + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{-2n-2} + 32(-216x(x^2 + 68x + 1)W_1^3 + (x + 1)(x^2 + 3638x + 1)W_0^3 + 108x(x^2 + 1224x + 35)W_1^2W_0 - 18x(x^2 + 2414x + 1225)W_0^2W_1),$$

and

if $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{-2k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{128(x^3 - 29427x^2 + 666435x - 9809)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = 32x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)W_{-2n+2}^3 + 32x^n(n(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 2(2x^3 - 58854x^2 + 1332869x - 19601))W_{-2n}^3 + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{-2n+2} - 102x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1153) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1153)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{-2n} + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{-2n-2} + 96(-72(3x^2 + 136x + 1)W_1^3 + (x^2 + 2426x + 1213)W_0^3 + 36(3x^2 + 2448x + 35)W_1^2W_0 - 6(3x^2 + 4828x + 1225)W_0^2W_1).$$

(f) ($m = -2, j = 1$)

If $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{-2k+1}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{32(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = 32x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)W_{-2n+3}^3 + 32x^{n+1}(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1)W_{-2n+1}^3 + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)(W_0^2 + W_1^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{-2n+3} - 102x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1153)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{-2n+1} + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{-2n-1} + 32(-42875x^3 - 1329231x^2 + 39237x - 1)W_1^3 + 216x(x^2 + 68x + 1)W_0^3 + 18x(1225x^2 + 2414x + 1)W_0W_1^2 - 108x(35x^2 + 1224x + 1)W_0^2W_1,$$

and

if $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k W_{-2k+1}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{128(x^3 - 29427x^2 + 666435x - 9809)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = 32x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)W_{-2n+3}^3 + 32x^n(n(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 4x^3 - 117708x^2 + 2665738x - 39202)W_{-2n+1}^3 + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{-2n+3} - 102x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1153) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1153)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{-2n+1} + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1)(W_1^2 + W_0^2 - 6W_0W_1)W_{-2n-1} + 96(-42875x^2 - 886154x + 13079)W_1^3 + 72(3x^2 + 136x + 1)W_0^3 + 6(3675x^2 + 4828x + 1)W_1^2W_0 - 36(105x^2 + 2448x + 1)W_0^2W_1).$$

From the above proposition, we have the following corollary which gives sum formulas of balancing numbers (take $W_n = B_n$ with $B_0 = 0, B_1 = 1$);

Corollary 2. For $n \geq 0$, balancing numbers have the following properties:

(a) ($m = 1, j = 0$)

If $(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 99 + 70\sqrt{2}, x \neq 99 - 70\sqrt{2}, x \neq 3 + 2\sqrt{2}, x \neq 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k B_k^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{32(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = 32x^{n+1}(x - 198)(x^2 - 6x + 1)B_n^3 + 32x^{n+1}(x^2 - 6x + 1)B_{n-1}^3 + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 198x + 1)B_{n+1} - 18x^{n+1}(x^2 - 198x + 33)B_n + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 6x + 1)B_{n-1} + 32x(x^2 + 12x + 1),$$

and if $(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 99 + 70\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 99 - 70\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k B_k^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{128(x^3 - 153x^2 + 595x - 51)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = 32x^n(n(x - 198)(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 4x^3 - 612x^2 + 2378x - 198)B_n^3 + 32x^n(n(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 3x^2 - 12x + 1)B_{n-1}^3 + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 198x + 1) + 3x^2 - 396x + 1)B_{n+1} - 18x^n(n(x^2 - 198x + 33) + 3x^2 - 396x + 33)B_n + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 3x^2 - 12x + 1)B_{n-1} + 32(3x^2 + 24x + 1).$$

(b) ($m = 2, j = 0$)

If $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}, x \neq 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}, x \neq 17 + 12\sqrt{2}, x \neq 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k B_{2k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{32(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = 32x^{n+1}(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1)B_{2n}^3 + 32x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)B_{2n-2}^3 + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1)B_{2n+2} - 102x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1153)B_{2n} + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)B_{2n-2} + 6912x(x^2 + 68x + 1),$$

and

if $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k B_{2k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{128(x^3 - 29427x^2 + 666435x - 9809)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = 32x^n(n(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 2(2x^3 - 58854x^2 + 1332869x - 19601))B_{2n}^3 + 32x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)B_{2n-2}^3 + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1)B_{2n+2} - 102x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1153) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1153)B_{2n} + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)B_{2n-2} + 6912(3x^2 + 136x + 1).$$

(c) ($m = 2, j = 1$)

If $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k B_{2k+1}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{32(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = 32x^{n+1}(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1)B_{2n+1}^3 + 32x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)B_{2n-1}^3 + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1)B_{2n+3} - 102x^{n+1}((x^2 - 39202x + 1153))B_{2n+1} + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)B_{2n-1} + 32(x + 1)(x^2 + 3638x + 1),$$

and

if $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k B_{2k+1}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{128(x^3 - 29427x^2 + 666435x - 9809)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = 32x^n(n(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 2(2x^3 - 58854x^2 + 1332869x - 19601))B_{2n+1}^3 + 32x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)B_{2n-1}^3 + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1)B_{2n+3} - 102x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1153) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1153)B_{2n+1} + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)B_{2n-1} + 96(x^2 + 2426x + 1213).$$

(d) ($m = -1, j = 0$)

If $(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 99 + 70\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 99 - 70\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k B_{-k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{32(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = 32x^{n+1}(x^2 - 6x + 1)B_{-n+1}^3 + 32x^{n+1}(x - 198)(x^2 - 6x + 1)B_{-n}^3 + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 6x + 1)B_{-n+1} - 18x^{n+1}(x^2 - 198x + 33)B_{-n} + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 198x + 1)B_{-n-1} - 32x(x^2 + 12x + 1),$$

and

if $(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 99 + 70\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 99 - 70\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k B_{-k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{128(x^3 - 153x^2 + 595x - 51)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = 32x^n(n(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 3x^2 - 12x + 1)B_{-n+1}^3 + 32x^n(n(x - 198)(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 2(2x^3 - 306x^2 + 1189x - 99))B_{-n}^3 + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 3x^2 - 12x + 1)B_{-n+1} - 18x^n(n(x^2 - 198x + 33) + 3x^2 - 396x + 33)B_{-n} + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 198x + 1) + 3x^2 - 396x + 1)B_{-n-1} - 32(3x^2 + 24x + 1).$$

(e) ($m = -2, j = 0$)

If $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k B_{-2k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{32(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = 32x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)B_{-2n+2}^3 + 32x^{n+1}(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1)B_{-2n}^3 + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)B_{-2n+2} - 102x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1153)B_{-2n} + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1)B_{-2n-2} - 6912x(x^2 + 68x + 1),$$

and

if $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k B_{-2k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{128(x^3 - 29427x^2 + 666435x - 9809)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = 32x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)B_{-2n+2}^3 + 32x^n(n(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 2(2x^3 - 58854x^2 + 1332869x - 19601))B_{-2n}^3 + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)B_{-2n+2} - 102x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1153) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1153)B_{-2n} + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1)B_{-2n-2} - 6912(3x^2 + 136x + 1).$$

(f) ($m = -2, j = 1$)

If $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k B_{-2k+1}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{32(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = 32x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)B_{-2n+3}^3 + 32x^{n+1}(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1)B_{-2n+1}^3 + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)(B_0^2 + B_1^2 - 6B_0B_1)B_{-2n+3} - 102x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1153)B_{-2n+1} + 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1)B_{-2n-1} - 32(42875x^3 - 1329231x^2 + 39237x - 1),$$

and if $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k B_{-2k+1}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{128(x^3 - 29427x^2 + 666435x - 9809)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = 32x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)B_{-2n+3}^3 + 32x^n(n(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 4x^3 - 117708x^2 + 2665738x - 39202)B_{-2n+1}^3 + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)B_{-2n+3} - 102x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1153) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1153)B_{-2n+1} + 3x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1)B_{-2n-1} - 96(42875x^2 - 886154x + 13079).$$

Taking $W_n = H_n$ with $H_0 = 2, H_1 = 6$ in the last proposition, we have the following corollary which presents sum formulas of modified Lucas-balancing numbers;

Corollary 3. For $n \geq 0$, modified Lucas-balancing numbers have the following properties:

(a) ($m = 1, j = 0$)

If $(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 99 + 70\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 99 - 70\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k H_k^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = x^{n+1}(x - 198)(x^2 - 6x + 1)H_n^3 + x^{n+1}(x^2 - 6x + 1)H_{n-1}^3 - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 198x + 1)H_{n+1} + 18x^{n+1}(x^2 - 198x + 33)H_n - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 6x + 1)H_{n-1} - 8(27x^3 - 595x^2 + 177x - 1),$$

and

if $(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 99 + 70\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 99 - 70\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k H_k^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{4(x^3 - 153x^2 + 595x - 51)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = x^n(n(x - 198)(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 4x^3 - 612x^2 + 2378x - 198)H_n^3 + x^n(n(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 3x^2 - 12x + 1)H_{n-1}^3 - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 198x + 1) + 3x^2 - 396x + 1)H_{n+1} + 18x^n(n(x^2 - 198x + 33) + 3x^2 - 396x + 33)H_n - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 3x^2 - 12x + 1)H_{n-1} - 8(81x^2 - 1190x + 177).$$

(b) ($m = 2, j = 0$)

If $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k H_{2k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = x^{n+1}(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1)H_{2n}^3 + x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)H_{2n-2}^3 - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1)H_{2n+2} + 102x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1153)H_{2n} - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)H_{2n-2} - 8(4913x^3 - 666435x^2 + 34323x - 1),$$

and

if $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k H_{2k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{4(x^3 - 29427x^2 + 666435x - 9809)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = x^n(n(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 2(2x^3 - 58854x^2 + 1332869x - 19601))H_{2n}^3 + x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)H_{2n-2}^3 - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1)H_{2n+2} + 102x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1153) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1153)H_{2n} - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)H_{2n-2} - 24(4913x^2 - 444290x + 11441).$$

(c) ($m = 2, j = 1$)

If $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k H_{2k+1}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = x^{n+1}(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1)H_{2n+1}^3 + x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)H_{2n-1}^3 - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1)H_{2n+3} + 102x^{n+1}((x^2 - 39202x + 1153))H_{2n+1} - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)H_{2n-1} - 216(x - 1)(x^2 - 3298x + 1),$$

and if $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k H_{2k+1}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{4(x^3 - 29427x^2 + 666435x - 9809)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = x^n(n(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 2(2x^3 - 58854x^2 + 1332869x - 19601))H_{2n+1}^3 + x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)H_{2n-1}^3 - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1)H_{2n+3} + 102x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1153) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1153)H_{2n+1} - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)H_{2n-1} - 216(3x^2 - 6598x + 3299).$$

(d) ($m = -1, j = 0$)

If $(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 99 + 70\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 99 - 70\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k H_{-k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = x^{n+1}(x^2 - 6x + 1)H_{-n+1}^3 + x^{n+1}(x - 198)(x^2 - 6x + 1)H_{-n}^3 - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 6x + 1)H_{-n+1} + 18x^{n+1}(x^2 - 198x + 33)H_{-n} - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 198x + 1)H_{-n-1} - 8(27x^3 - 595x^2 + 177x - 1),$$

and

if $(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 99 + 70\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 99 - 70\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k H_{-k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{4(x^3 - 153x^2 + 595x - 51)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = x^n(n(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 3x^2 - 12x + 1)H_{-n+1}^3 + x^n(n(x - 198)(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 2(2x^3 - 306x^2 + 1189x - 99))H_{-n}^3 - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 3x^2 - 12x + 1)H_{-n+1} + 18x^n(n(x^2 - 198x + 33) + 3x^2 - 396x + 33)H_{-n} - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 198x + 1) + 3x^2 - 396x + 1)H_{-n-1} - 8(81x^2 - 1190x + 177).$$

(e) ($m = -2, j = 0$)

If $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k H_{-2k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)H_{-2n+2}^3 + x^{n+1}(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1)H_{-2n}^3 - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)H_{-2n+2} + 102x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1153)H_{-2n} - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1)H_{-2n-2} - 8(4913x^3 - 666435x^2 + 34323x - 1),$$

and if $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k H_{-2k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{4(x^3 - 29427x^2 + 666435x - 9809)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)H_{-2n+2}^3 + x^n(n(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 2(2x^3 - 58854x^2 + 1332869x - 19601))H_{-2n}^3 - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)H_{-2n+2} + 102x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1153) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1153)H_{-2n} - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1)H_{-2n-2} - 24(4913x^2 - 444290x + 11441).$$

(f) ($m = -2, j = 1$)

If $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k H_{-2k+1}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)H_{-2n+3}^3 + x^{n+1}(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1)H_{-2n+1}^3 - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)H_{-2n+3} + 102x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1153)H_{-2n+1} - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1)H_{-2n-1} - 216(35937x^3 - 1329571x^2 + 39235x - 1),$$

and

if $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k H_{-2k+1}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{4(x^3 - 29427x^2 + 666435x - 9809)},$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \Psi_2 = & x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)H_{-2n+3}^3 + x^n(n(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 4x^3 - \\ & 117708x^2 + 2665738x - 39202)H_{-2n+1}^3 - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)H_{-2n+3} + 102x^n(n(x^2 - \\ & 39202x + 1153) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1153)H_{-2n+1} - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1)H_{-2n-1} - \\ & 216(107811x^2 - 2659142x + 39235). \end{aligned}$$

From the above proposition, we have the following corollary which gives sum formulas of Lucas-balancing numbers (take $W_n = C_n$ with $C_0 = 1, C_1 = 3$);

Corollary 4. For $n \geq 0$, Lucas-balancing numbers have the following properties:

(a) ($m = 1, j = 0$)

If $(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 99 + 70\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 99 - 70\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k C_k^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{4(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1)},$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \Psi_1 = & 4x^{n+1}(x - 198)(x^2 - 6x + 1)C_n^3 + 4x^{n+1}(x^2 - 6x + 1)C_{n-1}^3 - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 198x + 1)C_{n+1} + \\ & 18x^{n+1}(x^2 - 198x + 33)C_n - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 6x + 1)C_{n-1} - 4(27x^3 - 595x^2 + 177x - 1), \end{aligned}$$

and

if $(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 99 + 70\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 99 - 70\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k C_k^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{16(x^3 - 153x^2 + 595x - 51)},$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \Psi_2 = & 4x^n(n(x - 198)(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 4x^3 - 612x^2 + 2378x - 198)C_n^3 + 4x^n(n(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 3x^2 - 12x + \\ & 1)C_{n-1}^3 - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 198x + 1) + 3x^2 - 396x + 1)C_{n+1} + 18x^n(n(x^2 - 198x + 33) + 3x^2 - 396x + 33)C_n - \\ & 3x^n(n(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 3x^2 - 12x + 1)C_{n-1} - 4(81x^2 - 1190x + 177). \end{aligned}$$

(b) ($m = 2, j = 0$)

If $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k C_{2k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{4(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1)},$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \Psi_1 = & 4x^{n+1}(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1)C_{2n}^3 + 4x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)C_{2n-2}^3 - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1)C_{2n+2} + \\ & 102x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1153)C_{2n} - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)C_{2n-2} - 4(4913x^3 - 666435x^2 + 34323x - 1), \end{aligned}$$

and

if $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k C_{2k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{16(x^3 - 29427x^2 + 666435x - 9809)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = 4x^n(n(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 2(2x^3 - 58854x^2 + 1332869x - 19601))C_{2n}^3 + 4x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)C_{2n-2}^3 - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1)C_{2n+2} + 102x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1153) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1153)C_{2n} - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)C_{2n-2} - 12(4913x^2 - 444290x + 11441).$$

(c) ($m = 2, j = 1$)

If $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k C_{2k+1}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{4(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = 4x^{n+1}(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1)C_{2n+1}^3 + 4x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)C_{2n-1}^3 - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1)C_{2n+3} + 102x^{n+1}((x^2 - 39202x + 1153))C_{2n+1} - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)C_{2n-1} - 108(x - 1)(x^2 - 3298x + 1),$$

and if $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k C_{2k+1}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{16(x^3 - 29427x^2 + 666435x - 9809)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = 4x^n(n(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 2(2x^3 - 58854x^2 + 1332869x - 19601))C_{2n+1}^3 + 4x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)C_{2n-1}^3 - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1)C_{2n+3} + 102x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1153) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1153)C_{2n+1} - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)C_{2n-1} - 108(3x^2 - 6598x + 3299).$$

(d) ($m = -1, j = 0$)

If $(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 99 + 70\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 99 - 70\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k C_{-k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{4(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = 4x^{n+1}(x^2 - 6x + 1)C_{-n+1}^3 + 4x^{n+1}(x - 198)(x^2 - 6x + 1)C_{-n}^3 - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 6x + 1)C_{-n+1} + 18x^{n+1}(x^2 - 198x + 33)C_{-n} - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 198x + 1)C_{-n-1} - 4(27x^3 - 595x^2 + 177x - 1),$$

and if $(x^2 - 6x + 1)(x^2 - 198x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 99 + 70\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 99 - 70\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k C_{-k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{16(x^3 - 153x^2 + 595x - 51)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = 4x^n(n(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 3x^2 - 12x + 1)C_{-n+1}^3 + 4x^n(n(x - 198)(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 2(2x^3 - 306x^2 + 1189x - 99))C_{-n}^3 - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 6x + 1) + 3x^2 - 12x + 1)C_{-n+1} + 18x^n(n(x^2 - 198x + 33) + 3x^2 - 396x + 33)C_{-n} - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 198x + 1) + 3x^2 - 396x + 1)C_{-n-1} - 4(81x^2 - 1190x + 177).$$

(e) ($m = -2, j = 0$)

If $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k C_{-2k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{4(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = 4x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)C_{-2n+2}^3 + 4x^{n+1}(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1)C_{-2n}^3 - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)C_{-2n+2} + 102x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1153)C_{-2n} - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1)C_{-2n-2} - 4(4913x^3 - 666435x^2 + 34323x - 1),$$

and if $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k C_{-2k}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{16(x^3 - 29427x^2 + 666435x - 9809)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = 4x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)C_{-2n+2}^3 + 4x^n(n(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 2(2x^3 - 58854x^2 + 1332869x - 19601))C_{-2n}^3 - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)C_{-2n+2} + 102x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1153) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1153)C_{-2n} - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1)C_{-2n-2} - 12(4913x^2 - 444290x + 11441).$$

(f) $(m = -2, j = 1)$

If $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) \neq 0$, i.e., $x \neq 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$, $x \neq 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$, then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k C_{-2k+1}^3 = \frac{\Psi_1}{4(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1)},$$

where

$$\Psi_1 = 4x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)C_{-2n+3}^3 + 4x^{n+1}(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1)C_{-2n+1}^3 - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 34x + 1)C_{-2n+3} + 102x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1153)C_{-2n+1} - 3x^{n+1}(x^2 - 39202x + 1)C_{-2n-1} - 108(35937x^3 - 1329571x^2 + 39235x - 1),$$

and if $(x^2 - 34x + 1)(x^2 - 39202x + 1) = 0$, i.e., $x = 19601 + 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 19601 - 13860\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 + 12\sqrt{2}$ or $x = 17 - 12\sqrt{2}$ then

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x^k C_{-2k+1}^3 = \frac{\Psi_2}{16(x^3 - 29427x^2 + 666435x - 9809)},$$

where

$$\Psi_2 = 4x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)C_{-2n+3}^3 + 4x^n(n(x - 39202)(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 4x^3 - 117708x^2 + 2665738x - 39202)C_{-2n+1}^3 - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 34x + 1) + 3x^2 - 68x + 1)C_{-2n+3} + 102x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1153) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1153)C_{-2n+1} - 3x^n(n(x^2 - 39202x + 1) + 3x^2 - 78404x + 1)C_{-2n-1} - 108(107811x^2 - 2659142x + 39235).$$

Taking $x = 1$ in the last two corollaries we get the following corollary;

Corollary 5. For $n \geq 0$, balancing numbers, modified Lucas-balancing numbers and Lucas-balancing numbers have the following properties:

1.

- (a) $\sum_{k=0}^n B_k^3 = \frac{1}{6272}(6304B_n^3 - 32B_{n-1}^3 - 147B_{n+1} + 738B_n - 3B_{n-1} + 112).$
- (b) $\sum_{k=0}^n B_{2k}^3 = \frac{1}{1254400}(1254432B_{2n}^3 - 32B_{2n-2}^3 - 3675B_{2n+2} + 121278B_{2n} - 3B_{2n-2} + 15120).$
- (c) $\sum_{k=0}^n B_{2k+1}^3 = \frac{1}{1254400}(1254432B_{2n+1}^3 - 32B_{2n-1}^3 - 3675B_{2n+3} + 121278B_{2n+1} - 3B_{2n-1} + 7280).$
- (d) $\sum_{k=0}^n B_{-k}^3 = \frac{1}{6272}(6304B_{-n}^3 - 32B_{-n+1}^3 - 3B_{-n+1} + 738B_{-n} - 147B_{-n-1} - 112).$
- (e) $\sum_{k=0}^n B_{-2k}^3 = \frac{1}{1254400}(-32B_{-2n+2}^3 + 1254432B_{-2n}^3 - 3B_{-2n+2} + 121278B_{-2n} - 3675B_{-2n-2} - 15120).$
- (f) $\sum_{k=0}^n B_{-2k+1}^3 = \frac{1}{1254400}(-32B_{-2n+3}^3 + 1254432B_{-2n+1}^3 - 3B_{-2n+3} + 121278B_{-2n+1} - 3675B_{-2n-1} + 1247120).$

2.

- (a) $\sum_{k=0}^n H_k^3 = \frac{1}{196}(197H_n^3 - H_{n-1}^3 + 147H_{n+1} - 738H_n + 3H_{n-1} + 784).$

- (b) $\sum_{k=0}^n H_{2k}^3 = \frac{1}{39200}(39201H_{2n}^3 - H_{2n-2}^3 + 3675H_{2n+2} - 121278H_{2n} + 3H_{2n-2} + 156800).$
- (c) $\sum_{k=\overline{n}} H_{2k+1}^3 = \frac{1}{39200}(39201H_{2n+1}^3 - H_{2n-1}^3 + 3675H_{2n+3} - 121278H_{2n+1} + 3H_{2n-1}).$
- (d) $\sum_{k=\overline{n}} H_{-k}^3 = \frac{1}{196}(197H_{-n}^3 - H_{-n+1}^3 + 3H_{-n+1} - 738H_{-n} + 147H_{-n-1} + 784).$
- (e) $\sum_{k=\overline{n}} H_{-2k}^3 = \frac{1}{39200}(-H_{-2n+2}^3 + 39201H_{-2n}^3 + 3H_{-2n+2} - 121278H_{-2n} + 3675H_{-2n-2} + 156800).$
- (f) $\sum_{k=\overline{n}} H_{-2k+1}^3 = \frac{1}{39200}(-H_{-2n+3}^3 + 39201H_{-2n+1}^3 + 3H_{-2n+3} - 121278H_{-2n+1} + 3675H_{-2n-1} + 8467200).$

3.

- (a) $\sum_{k=0}^n C_k^3 = \frac{1}{784}(788C_n^3 - 4C_{n-1}^3 + 147C_{n+1} - 738C_n + 3C_{n-1} + 392).$
- (b) $\sum_{k=\overline{n}} C_{2k}^3 = \frac{1}{156800}(156804C_{2n}^3 - 4C_{2n-2}^3 + 3675C_{2n+2} - 121278C_{2n} + 3C_{2n-2} + 78400).$
- (c) $\sum_{k=\overline{n}} C_{2k+1}^3 = \frac{1}{156800}(156804C_{2n+1}^3 - 4C_{2n-1}^3 + 3675C_{2n+3} - 121278C_{2n+1} + 3C_{2n-1}).$
- (d) $\sum_{k=\overline{n}} C_{-k}^3 = \frac{1}{784}(-4C_{-n+1}^3 + 788C_{-n}^3 + 3C_{-n+1} - 738C_{-n} + 147C_{-n-1} + 392).$
- (e) $\sum_{k=\overline{n}} C_{-2k}^3 = \frac{1}{156800}(-4C_{-2n+2}^3 + 156804C_{-2n}^3 + 3C_{-2n+2} - 121278C_{-2n} + 3675C_{-2n-2} + 78400).$
- (f) $\sum_{k=0}^n C_{-2k+1}^3 = \frac{1}{156800}(-4C_{-2n+3}^3 + 156804C_{-2n+1}^3 + 3C_{-2n+3} - 121278C_{-2n+1} + 3675C_{-2n-1} + 4233600).$

3. Conclusions

Recently, there have been so many studies of the sequences of numbers in the literature and the sequences of numbers were widely used in many research areas, such as architecture, nature, art, physics and engineering. In this work, sum identities were proved. The method used in this paper can be used for the other linear recurrence sequences, too. We have written sum identities in terms of the generalized balancing sequence, and then we have presented the formulas as special cases the corresponding identity for the balancing, modified Lucas-balancing and Lucas-balancing numbers. All the listed identities in the corollaries may be proved by induction, but that method of proof gives no clue about their discovery. We give the proofs to indicate how these identities, in general, were discovered.

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